

### Infrastructure at IEC



#### **Kinetic Testing**

- Test benches
- Loop Reactor
- NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD, HTPD
- FTIR Spectrometers
- Mass Spectrometers
- GC/FID/MS
- Infrared Camera
- Soot Generator

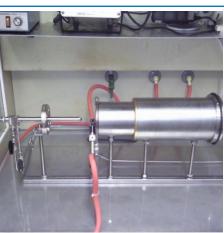


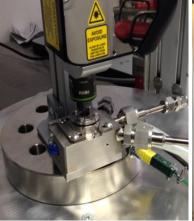
#### Characterisation

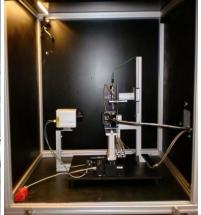
- DRIFTS, FTIR, ATR-IR
- UV-Vis
- Raman with Microscope
- <sup>57</sup>Fe Moessbauer
- XPS, XRD, XRF
- SEM
- ICP-OES
- Hg Porosimetry, BET

### **Preparation**

- Flame Spray Pyrolysis
- Hydrothermal Synthesis
- Microwave
- Precipitation
- Complexation
- Ceramic Method









## **Engine Test Bench**



- DI diesel engine (emergency unit)
  - 11 kW at 1500 1/min
  - 3 cylinders, 1532 ccm
  - Compression ratio: 18:1
  - $\lambda = 2...5$
- Exhaust volume flow: 600...1000 l/min
- Exhaust mass flow: 40...60 kg/h
- Test of real catalysts:
  DOC, SCR, H<sub>2</sub>-deNO<sub>x</sub>,
  soot oxidation



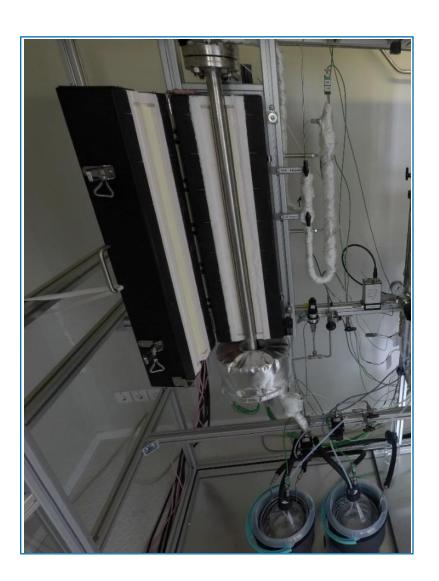




# Miniplant for production of gasoline (MtG)



- Raw gasoline < 1 L/d</li>
- Catalyst: m < 60 g (120 ml)</li>
- SiC dilution of catalyst
- Isothermal fixed-bed reactor
- $T < 750^{\circ}C$ , p < 14 bar
- Periphery:
  - Pre-reactor for DME (γ-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)
  - Product separation at 5 °C and ambient pressure
  - Continuous monitoring of gas flow
  - Oxidation catalyst for off-gas after-treatment





## **Miniplant for Hydrogenation**



### **Operation Conditions:**

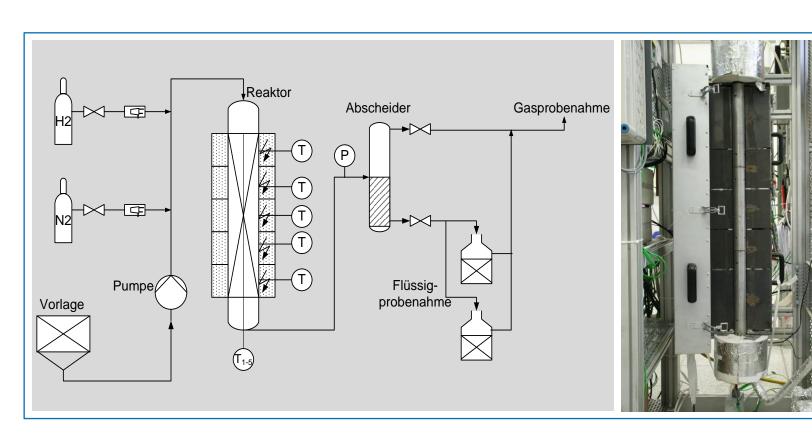
Catalyst Volume: ca. 100 ml
 LHSV: max. 4 h<sup>-1</sup>

Pressure: max. 150 bar

Temperature: max. 400 °C

Liquid Flow: max. 400 ml/h

H<sub>2</sub> Flow: max. 300 l/h





# Laboratory test bench for NH<sub>3</sub> synthesis



- R&D using Fe catalysts
- Isothermal fixed-baed reactor
- Automatisierter Betrieb (SPS)
- Specification:T < 500°C, p < 250 bar</li>
- Total flow: max. 1000 ml/min
- Analytics:
  Online NDIR spectroscopy for NH<sub>3</sub>

